## ACCEPTED FOR REGISTRATION

## 4/8/13

New York State Department of Environmental Conservation Division of Materials Management Pesticide Product Registration Net Contents: **1 quart** 32 fl oz (946 ml)

# **Myclo**tect<sup>™</sup>

A systemic, protectant and curative fungicide for disease control in turfgrass, landscape ornamentals, greenhouse and nursery ornamentals, apples, stonefruit, and grapes.



## CAUTION

## KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

Refer to inside label booklet for Precautionary Statements and Directions for Use including Storage and Disposal

**STOP** - Read the label before use.

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:
Myclobutanil:
alpha-butyl-alpha-(chlorophenyl)-1H-1,2,4, triazole-1-propanenitrile 19.7%
OTHER INGREDIENTS
TOTAL

Contains Petroleum Distillates Contains 1.67 pounds of active ingredient per gallon

EPA Reg. No. 42750-166-74779 EPA Est. No. 63416-MN-001

Distributed by: Rainbow Treecare Scientific Advancements 11571 K-Tel Dr. Minnetonka, MN 55343 1-877-272-6747 www.treecarescience.com AD031910



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Apples
Stone Fruit
Stone Fruit      21        Grapes      23
Grapes
Grapes

#### **FIRST AID**

IF IN EYES:	Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 min- utes. Remove contact lenses, if present after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treat- ment advice.
IF SWALLOWED:	Immediately call a poison control center or doctor. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give any liquid to the person. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING:	Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
Note to Physician pneumonia.	Contains petroleum distillate – vomiting may cause aspiration

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doc-tor, or going for treatment. You may contact **CHEMTREC** toll free at **1-800-424-9300** day or night, for emergency treatment information.

#### PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS CAUTION

Causes moderate eye irritation. Harmful if swallowed or absorbed through the skin. Avoid con-tact with skin, eyes or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling, and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using toilet.

#### PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

WPS Uses: Applicators and other handlers who handle this pesticide for any use covered by the Worker Protection Standard (40 CFR Part 170 must wear:

1. Long-sleeved shirt and long pants

2. Chemical-resistant gloves made from barrier laminate

#### 3. Shoes plus socks

Non-WPS Uses: Applicators and other handlers who handle this pesticide for any use NOT covered by the Worker Protection Standard (40 CFR Part 170) must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
  Chemical-resistant gloves made from barrier laminate
- 3. Shoes plus socks

#### USER SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/ maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exists, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

#### ENGINEERING CONTROLS

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs or aircraft in a manner that meet the require-ments listed in the Worker Protection Standards (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.



#### USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

#### Users should:

Shake Well Before Using

 Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
 Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before

removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing

#### PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Flammable. Keep away from heat and open flame.

#### ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Do not apply directly to water or to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment equipment washwaters or rinsate. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift or runoff from areas treated.

#### DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Read all Directions for Use carefully before applying.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your state or tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

#### AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 24 hours. PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection

Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil or water, is:

1. Coveralls

Barrier laminate gloves
 Shoes plus socks

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#### NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are not within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries or greenhouses.

Keep unprotected persons out of treated area until sprays have dried.

#### STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store in a cool, dry secure at temperatures above freezing.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting in the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

#### CONTAINER DISPOSAL:

Non-refillable containers one gallon or less: Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available. Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying

Pressure rinse as follows (all sizes): Empty the remaining contents into application equip-ment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use for disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip.

Steps to be Taken in Case Material is Released or Spilled: Contain spills immediately with inert materials (e.g., sand, earth). Transfer liquids and solid diking material to separate suitable containers for recovery or disposal. Keep spills and cleaning runoff out of municipal sewers and open bodies of water.

Spills on porous surfaces can contaminate groundwater.

#### **GENERAL INFORMATION**

MYCLOTECT fungicide is a systemic, protectant and curative fungicide for the control of dis-eases listed on this label in established turfgrass, (including, but not limited to residential and commercial lawns, ornamental turf, grounds, or lawns around business and office complexes, and golf course fairways, roughs, tee boxes and greens), landscape ornamentals, greenhouse and nursery ornamentals, apples, stone fruit and grapes. Optimum disease control is achieved when this product is applied in a regularly scheduled preventative program.

#### **GENERAL USE PRECAUTIONS**

#### Fungicide Resistance Management

Pungiciae resistance wanagement MYCLOTECT belongs to the sterol demethylation inhibitor (DMI) class of fungicides and is clas-sified as a Group 3 Fungicide by EPA. Since certain fungi can develop resistance to this class of products, the use of MYCLOTECT fungicide should be part of a resistance management strategy that includes alternation and/or tank mixing with fungicides of different modes of action. Consult your local or state agricultural authorities for resistance management strategies that are appropriate for your disease management program.

#### MIXING DIRECTIONS

Be sure sprayer is clean and not contaminated with other materials prior to use. Fill the spray tank 1/4 to 1/2 of the total amount of water required for the load. Start agitation and maintain agitation throughout mixing and application. Add the required amount of MYCLOTECT directly into the spray tank. Complete filling the tank. Always add MYCLOTECT to the spray tank before adding other materials.

Compatibility: MYCLOTECT is compatible with most commonly used fungicides, insecticides, growth regulators, micronutrients and spray adjuvants. When preparing tank mixtures, spray compatibility charts or State Cooperative Extension Service Specialist should be consulted prior to use.

When tank mixing this product with other pesticides observe the more restrictive label limitations and precautions. No label dosage rates should be exceeded. This product cannot be mixed with any product containing a label prohibition against such mixing.

#### **APPLICATION GUIDELINES**

Carefully read, understand and follow label use rates and restrictions. For proper application, determine the size of the area to be treated, the specified label use rate and the gallonage to be applied to the area. Prepare only the amount of spray solution required to treat the measured area. Careful calibration of spray equipment is specified prior to use.

**GROUND APPLICATION:** Thorough coverage sprays generally result in optimum disease control. Application equipment should be properly calibrated and provide uniform spray coverage.

HANDGUN OR PRESSURIZED SPRAYERS: For best results when applying this product on a protectant schedule, ensure thorough coverage of all plant parts.

CHEMIGATION (SPRINKLER IRRIGATION): MYCLOTECT must be applied on a regular protectant fungicide schedule, not an irrigation schedule. If irrigation cycles are less frequent than the specified application intervals for MYCLOTECT, ground or handgun applications must supplement chemigation applications to achieve adequate disease control. Apply this product only through solid set or hand-move sprinkler irrigation systems. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system. Crop injury, lack of fungicidal effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water. If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.

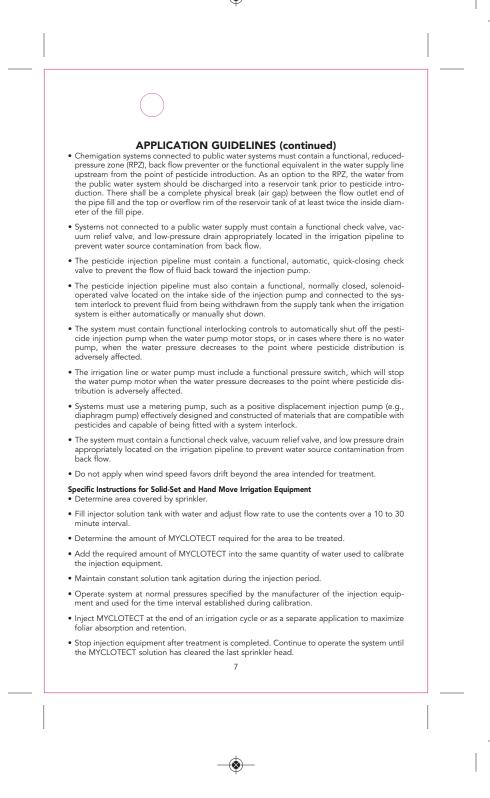
Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place. Before applying MYCLOTECT through sprinkler irrigation equipment, the chemigation system must meet the following specifications.

A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

Before applying MYCLOTECT through sprinkler irrigation equipment, the chemigation system must meet the following specifications:

 Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system that has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year.

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#### USE DIRECTIONS FOR TURFGRASS

**General Information** Use MYCLOTECT in conjunction with turf management practices that promote good plant health and optimum disease control. The key to selecting a fungicide is the proper diagnosis of the organism causing the disease. Diagnostic kits, extension experts, or other identification methods should be used when developing disease control strategies.

In non-residential turfgrass (including, but not limited to commercial lawns, ornamental turf, grounds or lawns around business and office complexes, and golf course fairways, roughs, tee boxes, and greens), optimum disease control is achieved when MYCLOTECT is applied in a preventive disease control program at a rate of 1.0 to 2.4 fluid ounces per 1000 square feet. In residential turfgrass, optimum disease control is achieved when MYCLOTECT is applied in a preventive disease control program at a rate of 1.2 fl. oz per 1000 sq. ft.

See the tables below for specific application rates for various diseases. Apply MYCLOTECT in sufficient water to ensure thorough coverage. For foliar diseases, use approximately one gallon of water per 1,000 square feet. Use two to three gallons of spray solution per 1000 square feet to control diseases causing root and crown rots. Under conditions favorable for high disease development, reduce the spray interval between applications of MYCLOTECT. Under light to moderate disease pressure, apply MYCLOTECT at the low use rate and/or longer treatment interval.

When disease pressure is high or when used as a curative treatment, use higher rates of MYCLOTECT or shorter treatment interval unless otherwise specified.

NON-RESIDENTIAL TURFGRASS <sup>1</sup>					
RESTRICTIONS: Do not apply more than 13.8 fl oz of MYCLOTECT per 1000 sq ft per year. For Nassau and Suffolk Counties in New York State, do not apply more than 3.43 fl oz of MYCLOTECT per 1000 sq ft per year (1.95 lb myclobutanil per acre).					
Anthracnose Red thread Septoria leaf spot	1.2	14 - 21	Apply when conditions are favor able for disease development.		
Brown patch	1.2	14	Begin applications when condition are favorable for disease develop ment, but before disease symptom mix MYCLOTECT with an EPA regis tered contact fungicide, such a Fore* T/O fungicide. Under condi tions of high temperature and humidity, use the shorter spra interval.		
Copper spot Zonate leaf spot	1.2	14	Apply when conditions are favor able for disease development.		
Crown rot Leaf spot Melting-out	1.2	14	Apply when conditions are favor able for disease development.		



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	folk Counties in	New York State,	MYCLOTECT per 1000 sq ft per year. do not apply more than 3.43 fl oz of utanil per acre).
DISEASE	MYCLOTECT (fl oz/1000 sq ft)	APPLICATION INTERVAL (Days)	SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS
Dollar spot	0.5	14	Apply when conditions are favor- able for disease development.
	0.5	14	Tank mix with a low label rate of chlorothalonil like Daconil 2787, Daconil Ultrex
	1	21 – 28	Tank mix with the label rate of chlorothalonil like Daconil 2787, Daconil Ultrex
	1.0 - 2.4	14 – 28	If using this rate without tank mix- ing, make no more than 3 consecu- tive applications for control of dollar spot before rotating to a registered fungicide with a different mode of action.
Fusarium blight	1.2 - 2.4	14 - 21	Apply when conditions are favor- able for disease development.
Fusarium patch (pink snow mold)	1.2 - 2.4	Fall - Winter	Apply prior to snow cover.
Gray leaf spot	1.2 - 2.4	14	Apply when conditions are favor- able for disease development. If using the lower rate, tank mix with a registered contact fungicide at its registered rate.
Leaf smuts	1.2	14	Apply in the fall after turf grass enters dormancy and/or in the spring prior to the initiation of growth.
Necrotic ring spot	1.2 - 2.4	Spring: 28	Make applications on a preventative basis in early to mid-spring.
		Fall: 28	Make two applications beginning in August before the turf goes dor- mant. Apply 2.4 fl oz/1000 sq ft fol- lowed by a second application one month later.
Powdery mildew Rusts	1.2	14 - 28	Apply when conditions are favor- able for disease development.
Spring dead spot	2.4	Fall: 28	Make one to two applications in the fall before turf dormancy. Make 2nd application one month later.



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### NON-RESIDENTIAL TURFGRASS<sup>1</sup> (continued)

RESTRICTIONS: Do not apply more than 13.8 fl oz of MYCLOTECT per 1000 sq ft per year. For Nassau and Suffolk Counties in New York State, do not apply more than 3.43 fl oz of MYCLOTECT per 1000 sq ft per year (1.95 lb myclobutanil per acre).

DISEASE	MYCLOTECT (fl oz/1000 sq ft)	APPLICATION INTERVAL (Days)	SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS
Summer patch	1.2 - 2.4	14 - 28	Begin applications in the spring when conditions are favorable for disease development. Make 2 to 4 applications depending on recom- mendations from local turfgrass extension experts.
			Use at least two to three gallons of water per 1000 sq ft to increase spray penetration to crown and roots.
Take-All Patch	2.4	Spring/Fall: 28	Apply MYCLOTECT to reduce the severity of take-all patch. Make 1 to 2 fall applications in September and October or when night temperatures drop to 55%, and 1 to 2 spring appli- cations in April and May depending on local recommendations.
Zoysia large patch	2.4	Fall: 28	Make applications in fall before turf dormancy.

<sup>1</sup>Including, but not limited to commercial lawns, ornamental turf, grounds or lawns around business and office complexes, and golf course fairways, rough, tee boxes, and greens.

RESIDENTIAL TURFGRASS					
RESTRICTIONS: Do not apply more than 13.8 fl oz MYCLOTECT per 1000 sq ft per year.					
	For Nassau and Suffolk Counties in New York State, do not apply more than 3.43 fl oz o MYCLOTECT per 1000 sq ft per year (1.95 lb myclobutanil per acre).				
DISEASE MYCLOTECT APPLICATION (fl oz/1000 sq ft) INTERVAL (Days) SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS					
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R	ESIDENTIAL	. TURFGRAS	S (continued)
RESTRICTIONS: Do	not apply more	than 13.8 fl oz M`	YCLOTECT per 1000 sq ft per year.
For Nassau and Suf MYCLOTECT per 10			do not apply more than 3.43 fl oz ot utanil per acre).
DISEASE	MYCLOTECT (fl oz/1000 sq ft)	APPLICATION INTERVAL (Days)	SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS
Brown patch	1.2	14	Begin applications when conditions are favorable for disease develop- ment, and before disease symp- toms are apparent. If disease is present, mix MYCLOTECT with ar EPA registered contact fungicide such as Fore* T/O fungicide. Under conditions of high temperature and humidity, use the shorter spray interval.
Copper spot Zonate leaf spot	1.2	14	Apply when conditions are favor- able for disease development.
Crown rot Leaf spot Melting-out	1.2	14	Apply when conditions are favor- able for disease development.
Dollar spot	1.2	14	Apply when conditions are favor- able for disease development.
			Make no more than three consecu- tive applications for control of dollar spot before rotating to a registered fungicide with a different mode of action.
Fusarium blight	1.2	14	Apply when conditions are favor- able for disease development.
Fusarium patch (pink snow mold)	1.2	Fall - Winter	Apply prior to snow cover.
Gray leaf spot	1.2	14	Apply when conditions are favor able for disease development.
Leaf smuts	1.2	14	Apply in the fall after turfgrass enters dormancy and/or in the spring prior to the initiation or growth.
Necrotic ring spot	1.2	Spring: 28	Make applications on a preventative basis in early to mid-spring.
		Fall: 28	Make two applications beginning ir August before the turf goes dor- mant. Apply 2.4 fl oz/1000 sq ft fol- lowed by a second application one month later.

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#### **RESIDENTIAL TURFGRASS (continued)**

RESTRICTIONS: Do not apply more than 13.8 fl oz MYCLOTECT per 1000 sq ft per year. For Nassau and Suffolk Counties in New York State, do not apply more than 3.43 fl oz of MYCLOTECT per 1000 sq ft per year (1.95 lb myclobutanil per acre).

DISEASE	MYCLOTECT (fl oz/1000 sq ft)	APPLICATION INTERVAL (Days)	SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS
Powdery mildew Rusts	1.2	14 - 28	Apply when conditions are favor- able for disease development.
Summer patch	1.2	14 - 28	Begin applications in the spring when conditions are favorable for disease development. Make 2 to 4 applications depending on recom- mendations from local turfgrass extension experts.
			Use at least two to three gallons of water per 1000 sq ft to increase spray penetration to crown and roots.

#### USE DIRECTIONS FOR LANDSCAPE, GREENHOUSE AND NURSERY ORNAMENTALS

MYCLOTECT can be used to treat certain fungal diseases on landscape plants such as anthracnose, leaf spots, powdery mildews, rusts.

Before using MYCLOTECT on plants or for diseases that are not listed in the Use Directions, test on a small scale basis and evaluate for phytotoxicity and disease control prior to wide-spread use.

MYCLOTECT is a locally systemic fungicide having protectant and curative properties that will translocate to new growth. For best control of labeled diseases, achieve thorough coverage of all plant parts on a protective application schedule. For dilute sprays (>100 gallons per acre) applied to ornamental plants in greenhouses, field-grown plantings or in commercial and residential landscapes, apply MYCLOTECT at the rate of 6 to 12 fluid ounces per 100 gallons of spray volume on a 10 to 14 day application schedule, unless otherwise directed. Use the higher rate under conditions of high disease pressure and/or optimum conditions for infection.

For concentrate sprays (<100 gallons of spray volume per acre) apply 8.0 fluid ounces per acre on a 10- to 14-day application schedule.

The addition of a non-phytotoxic spray adjuvant will improve spray coverage and fungicidal performance. Treated plants should be maintained in a vigorous growing condition. Plants under nutritional or water stress will not respond as well to treatment as well-maintained plants. Overdosage of MYCLOTECT can result in observable foliar greening, thickened leaves, and/or shortened internodes. If this condition is observed, reduce the fungicide use rate but do not extend the specified application schedule.



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## **USE DIRECTIONS FOR LANDSCAPE, GREENHOUSE** AND NURSERY ORNAMENTALS (continued) **Crop Tolerance** Plant tolerances are acceptable in the specific plants listed on this label. It is not possible to evaluate all ornamental plant species or varieties for tolerance to MYCLOTECT. The user should test for possible phytotoxic responses by treating a limited number of plants, at specified use rates, prior to initiating large-scale use. The effects of spraying MYCLOTECT in combination with plant growth regulators are not fully understood at this time. If the use of a plant growth regulator is planned in an area being treated, the user should test for possible enhanced growth regulatory effects by treating a small number of plants, at the specified use rates of all products, prior to initiating large-scale use. Since the effectiveness of such products depends not just on plant species or cultivar but also weather and seasonable differences (e.g., daylight hours), it is recommended that tests be repeated on previously tested varieties as environmental factors change and that observations for growth regulatory responses be made at regular intervals. SPECIFIC USE DIRECTIONS FOR CHRYSANTHEMUM Foliar Sprays: Best control is achieved by thorough coverage sprays, applied to point of runoff on a protectant application schedule. Use MYCLOTECT at a rate of 8 fluid ounces per 100 gal-lons of spray mixture. (Do not apply more than 19 fluid ounces of MYCLOTECT (0.25 pounds myclobutanil) per acre per application.) Application should be made on a 10- to 14-day schedule (not to exceed 21 days). Prestick Dip Treatment: Chrysanthemum cuttings may be treated by a dip procedure prior to planting as follows: Prepare a dip suspension at a concentration equivalent to 8 fluid ounces of MYCLOTECT per 100 gallons of water. Cuttings must be fully submerged in the dip suspension until wet throughout (cuttings should not remain submersed longer than 2 minutes). If cuttings are dipped, this procedure will represent the first spray under the quarantine program. Used dip suspension should be disposed of if it becomes contaminated with soil, plant debris or other foreign matter. Dispose of used dip suspension by spraying it onto registered crops (but not onto previously dipped cuttings) after filtering, or in a manner consistent with local, state, and federal guidelines. NOTE: All infected plant material must be destroyed if your state is under quarantine directive. NOTE: Not approved for use in Nassau and Suffolk Counties, New York **RESTRICTIONS ON USE ON ORNAMENTALS** Do not apply more than 20 fl oz of MYCLOTECT (0.25 lb myclobutanil) per acre per applica-tion. On a total volume per acre basis, do not apply more than 333 gallons of spray per acre

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at the 6 fl oz per 100 gallons rate or 167 gallons per acre at the 12 fl oz per 100 gallons rate per application. • Do not apply more than 153 fl oz of MYCLOTECT (2 pounds myclobutanil) per acre per year.

• Do not use treated plant materials for food or feed.

CROP	DISEASE	CROP-SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS	CROP-SPECIFIC RESTRICTIONS
Abelia	Cercospora leaf spot Powdery mildew	None	None
Acalypha (Copper-leaf)	Cercospora leaf spot Powdery mildew	None	None
Achillea (Yarrow)	Powdery mildew Rust	None	None
African violet	Powdery mildew	None	None
Ageratum	Rust Powdery Mildew	None	None
Alder	Powdery mildew Rust	None	None
Almond, flowering	Blossom blight ( <i>monilinia</i> spp.)	Apply prebloom, 50% bloom and at petal fall.	None
Amelanchier (Juneberry, Shadbush)	Fabraea leaf spot Powdery mildew Rust	None	None
Amorpha (False indigo)	Cercospora leaf spot Powdery mildew Rust	None	None
Anemone	Rust	None	None
Angelica	Cercospora leaf spot Rust	None	None
Ash	Rust Anthracnose	None	None
Aster	Rust Powdery Mildew	None	None
Australian pine	Diplodia tip blight	None	None
Azalea	Petal Blight ( <i>Ovulinia</i> spp.) Powdery Mildew	Begin applications when flowers start to exhibit color.	None
Barberry	Powdery Mildew Rust	None	May cause temporary damage to "crimson pigmy" and other "atropurposis" varieties.
Begonia	Powdery Mildew	None	None
Bellflower	Cercospora leaf spot Powdery Mildew Rust	None	None

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USE DIRECTIONS FOR ORNAMENTALS (continued)					
CROP	DISEASE	CROP-SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS	CROP-SPECIFIC RESTRICTIONS		
Birch	Rust	None	None		
Bittersweet	Powdery Mildew	None	None		
Buckeye	Powdery Mildew	None	None		
Buttonbush	Cercospora leaf blight Powdery Mildew Rust	None	None		
Calendula	Cercospora leaf spot	None	None		
California poppy	Powdery Mildew	None	None		
Canna lily	Rust	None	None		
Carnation	Powdery Mildew Rust	None	None		
Catalpa	Cercospora leaf spot Powdery Mildew	None	None		
Cherry, flowering	Leaf Spot Powdery mildew	None	None		
Chestnut, horse	Powdery Mildew	None	None		
China aster	Rust	None	None		
Chokeberry	Rust Twig and Fruit Blight	None	None		
Christmas trees	Rust	None	None		
Chrysanthemum	Rust White rust Ascochyta Blight	None	None		
Columbine	Rust	None	None		
Cornflower	Rust	None	None		
Cosmos	Powdery Mildew	None	None		
Cottonwood	Powdery Mildew	None	None		
Crabapple, flowering	Powdery Mildew Rust Scab	None	None		
Crepe-myrtle	Powdery Mildew	None	None		
Daffodil	Rust	None	None		
Dahlia	Powdery Mildew	None	None		
Delphinium	Powdery Mildew Rust	None	None		

## USE DIRECTIONS FOR ORNAMENTALS (continued)

CROP	DISEASE	DISEASE CROP-SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS	
Dogwood	Anthracnose Powdery Mildew Septoria Leafspot	None	None
Douglas fir	Needle rust	Apply 12 to 18 fl oz per acre starting early spring. Continue applications at 2- to 3-week intervals until the threat of infection has passed. Spray adjuvants must be added to spray solutions to obtain good spray coverage and disease control.	None
Dianthus	Rust	None	None
Elm	Powdery mildew	None	None
Euonymus	Powdery mildew	None	None
Fern	Rhizoctonia aerial blight	None	None
Fleabane	Cercospora leaf spot Powdery mildew Rust	None	None
Four O'clock	Rust	None	None
Fuchsia Rust None		None	
Gaillardia	Powdery mildew Rust	None	None
Gardenia	Powdery mildew Rust	None	None
Geranium	Powdery mildew Rust	None	None
Gerbera daisy	Powdery mildew	None	None
Gourd, ornamental	Powdery mildew	None	None
Grape leaf ivy	Powdery mildew	None	None
Hackberry	Cercospora leaf spot Powdery mildew	None	None
Hawthorn	Fabraea leaf spot Powdery mildew Rust Scab	None	None

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USE DIRECTIONS FOR ORNAMENTALS (continued)				
CROP	DISEASE	CROP-SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS	CROP-SPECIFIC RESTRICTIONS	
Hibiscus	Powdery mildew	None	None	
Holly	Powdery mildew	None	None	
Hollyhock	Powdery mildew Rust	None	None	
Honeysuckle	Cercospora leaf spot Powdery mildew	None	None	
Hydrangea	Cercospora leaf spot	None	None	
Iris	Didymellina leaf spot Rust	Apply 12 fl oz per 100 gal- lons of spray solution.	None	
Juniper	Rust	None	None	
Leucothoe	Cercospora leaf spot	None	None	
Leyland Cyprus	Cercospora leaf spot	None	None	
Lilac	Powdery mildew	None	None	
Loblolly pine	Fusiform rust	Refer to Douglas fir	None	
Locust	Powdery mildew	None	None	
Maple	Powdery mildew	None	Treated trees may not be used for syrup production. Do not apply to Abutilon (Flowering Maple).	
Marigold	Cercospora leaf spot Rust	None	None	
Mock-orange	Powdery mildew Rust	None	None	
Moonflower	Rust	None	None	
Mountain laurel	Cercospora leaf spot Ovulinia petal blight Powdery mildew	Refer to Azalea	None	
Nephthytis	Cephalosporium leaf spot	None	None	
Ninebark	Rust	None	None	
Oak	Powdery mildew Anthracnose	None	None	
Pansy	Powdery mildew Rust	None	None	

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CROP	DISEASE	CROP-SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS	CROP-SPECIFIC RESTRICTIONS
Pear, flowering	Powdery mildew Rust Scab	None	None
Petunia	Powdery mildew Rust	None	None
Phlox	Cercospora leaf spot Powdery mildew Rust	None	None
Photinia	Entomosporium leaf Spot Powdery mildew Rust	None	None
Poinsettia	Powdery mildew Poinsettia scab	None	None
Poplar	Rust	None	None
Potentilla	Rust	None	None
Privet	Cercospora leaf spot Powdery mildew	None	None
Pyracantha (Firethorn)	Fusicladium scab	None	None
Quince, flowering	Blossom and Twig Blight Cercospora Leaf Spot Fabraea Leaf Spot Rust	None	None
Rhododendron	Cercospora leaf spot Ovulinia petal blight Powdery mildew	Refer to Azalea	None
Rose	Black spot Powdery mildew Rust	Apply on a 7- to 10-day protectant schedule. In areas where slack spot is not a problem, spray intervals may be increased to a maximum of 14 days. Greenhouse rose vari- eties vary in their sensitiv- ity to MYCLOTECT. User should evaluate for possi- ble abnormal response by treating a limited number of plants, at specified rates, prior to initiating large-scale use.	None

USE DIRECTIONS FOR ORNAMENTALS (continued)				
CROP	DISEASE	CROP-SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS	CROP-SPECIFIC RESTRICTIONS	
Russian olive	Cercospora leaf spot Rust	None	None	
Salvia	Powdery mildew Rust	None	None	
Sedum	Powdery mildew	None	None	
Slash pine	Fusiform rust	Refer to Douglas fir.	None	
Smoke-tree (Cotinus)	Cercospora leaf spot Rust	None	None	
Snapdragon	Powdery mildew Rust	None	None	
Spirea	Powdery mildew	None	None	
Sunflower	Cercospora leaf spot Powdery mildew Rust	None	Seeds from treated plants may not be used for food or feed.	
Sycamore	Powdery mildew Anthracnose	None	None	
Trumpet creeper	Cercospora leaf blight Powdery mildew	None	None	
Viburnum	Powdery mildew Rust	None	None	
Walnut	Powdery mildew	None	Nuts from treated frees may not be used for food purposes.	
Willow	Powdery mildew	None	None	
Zinnia	Cercospora leaf spot Powdery mildew	None	None	

# GENERAL USE DIRECTIONS FOR HOME ORCHARDS,

VINEYARDS, OR FRUIT TREES Best control of labeled diseases is achieved when MYCLOTECT is applied on a 7- to 10-day protectant schedule. MYCLOTECT is a systemic fungicide and does not redistribute after application. Application equipment spray nozzles should be adjusted to apply a uniform spray throughout the entire tree canopy.

Dilute (thorough coverage) applications are recommended and are based on the amount of spray solution required to thoroughly wet plants to the point of run-off. Refer to use directions for specific tree fruits and vines to determine actual use rate per 100 gallons of spray for control of labeled diseases. The following specific use directions are based on a dilute spray vol-ume of 300 gallons per acre.

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DISEASE	USE DIR MYCLOTECT (fl oz/100 gal)	SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS	RESTRICTIONS
Powdery Mildew ( <i>Podosphaera</i> spp.)	4 - 6	Begin application at tight clus- ter and continue through the second cover spray. Additional sprays beyond second cover may be needed on susceptible varieties or under heavy dis- ease pressure. Use high rate in rate range if powdery mildew was present in previous years.	Do not apply withir 14 days of harvest. Do not apply more than 153 fl oz o MYCLOTECT (2 lk myclobutanil) per acre per season.
Rusts ( <i>Gymnosporangium</i> spp)	4 - 6	Begin applications at pink stage and continue through the second cover spray.	
Scab ( <i>Venturis</i> spp.) Prebloom	4 - 6	Begin application at green tip or when environmental condi- tions become favorable for pri- mary scab development. Apply MYCLOTECT alone or tank mixed with a protectant fungicide on a 7- to 10-day schedule.	
Bloom, Post-bloom	4 - 6	Use MYCLOTECT in a tank mix- ture with the specified rate of a protectant fungicide, regis- tered for use on apples, for improved fruit scab and sum- mer disease control.	
Post-infection	6	MYCLOTECT provides 96-hour post-infection control or cura- tive activity. Apply as soon as possible after infection period. Follow with a standard preven- tative spray schedule.	

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#### USE DIRECTIONS FOR STONE FRUIT

APRICOTS				
DISEASE	MYCLOTECT (fl oz/100 gal)	SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS	RESTRICTIONS	
Brown rot Blossom blight ( <i>Monilinia</i> spp.)	2 - 3	Begin application at early red bud stage before infection occurs. If conditions are favor- able for disease development, reapply at full bloom and petal fall.	than 84 fl oz of MYCLOTECT (1.1 lb myclobutanil) per	
Brown Rot ( <i>Monilinia</i> spp.)		Apply 12 fl oz (0.16 lb myclobu- tanil) per acre on a 7- to 1 4- day protectant schedule. Apply whenever environmental con- ditions favor disease develop- ment during the month prior to harvest.	Applications may be made up to the day of harvest.	
Powdery mildew ( <i>Podosphaera</i> spp.)	•	Follow brown rot blossom blight schedule. Reapply at 10- to 14-day intervals until termi- nal growth ceases.		
Shothole ( <i>Stigmina</i> spp.)		Follow brown rot blossom blight schedule. Reapply at 7- to 1 0-day intervals as long as needed.		

CHERRIES				
DISEASE	MYCLOTECT (fl oz/100 gal)	SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS	RESTRICTIONS	
Brown rot Blossom blight ( <i>Monilinia</i> spp.)	2 - 3	Begin application at early pop- corn stage, before infection occurs. If conditions are favor- able for disease development, reapply at full bloom and petal fall.	Do not apply more than 100 fl oz of MYCLOTECT (1.3 lb myclobutanil) per acre per season. Applications may be	
Brown rot ( <i>Monilinia</i> spp.)		Refer to Apricots	made up to the day of harvest.	
Powdery mildew ( <i>Podosphaera</i> and <i>Sphaerotheca</i> spp.)		Refer to Apricots		
Leaf spot ( <i>Blumeriella</i> spp.)		Follow the brown rot blossom blight schedule. Reapply at 7- to 10-day intervals. Make addi- tional applications after harvest.		

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	NECTARINES				
DISEASE	MYCLOTECT (fl oz/100 gal)	SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS	RESTRICTIONS		
Brown rot Blossom Blight ( <i>Monilinia</i> spp.)	2 - 3	Begin application at early pink bud stage before infection occurs. If conditions are favor- able for disease development, reapply at full bloom and petal fall.	than 100 fl oz of MYCLOTECT (1.3 lb myclobutanil)		
Brown rot ( <i>Monilinia</i> spp.)		Refer to Apricots	made up to the day of harvest.		
Powdery mildew ( <i>Podosphaera</i> and <i>Sphaerotheca</i> spp.)	•	Refer to Apricots			
Shothole ( <i>Stigmina</i> spp.)		Follow brown rot blossom blight schedule. Reapply at 7- to 10-day intervals as long as needed.			



DISEASE	MYCLOTECT (fl oz/100 gal)	SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS	RESTRICTIONS
Brown rot Blossom blight ( <i>Monilinia</i> spp.)	2 - 3	Begin application at early pink bud stage before infection occurs. If conditions are favor- able for disease development, reapply at full bloom and petal fall.	than 100 fl oz of MYCLOTECT (1.3 lb myclobutanil)
Brown rot ( <i>Monilinia</i> spp.)		Refer to Apricots	made up to the day of harvest.
Powdery mildew ( <i>Podosphaera</i> spp.)		Refer to Apricots	
Rust ( <i>Tranzschelia</i> spp.)		Apply 12 fl oz (0.16 lb myclobu- tanil) per acre. Begin applica- tion approximately 8 weeks after flowering if environmental conditions are favorable for disease development. For opti- mum disease control, do not apply on protectant schedule exceeding 21 days.	

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PLUMES/PRUNES				
DISEASE	MYCLOTECT (fl oz/100 gal)*	SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS	RESTRICTIONS	
Brown Rot Blossom Blight ( <i>Monilinia</i> spp.)	2 - 3	Begin application at green tip, before infection occurs. If con- ditions are favorable for dis- ease development, reapply at full bloom and petal fall.	than 84 fl oz of MYCLOTECT (1.1 lb	
Rust ( <i>Tranzschelia</i> spp.)		Refer to Peaches	Applications may be made up to the day of harvest.	

GRAPES				
DISEASE	MYCLOTECT (fl oz/100 gal)	SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS	RESTRICTIONS	
Anthracnose ( <i>Elsinoe</i> spp.)	6 - 10	Begin application when new shoots are 1 to 3 inches in length and continue on an application schedule that does not exceed 14 days.	Do not apply within	
Black Rot ( <i>Guignardia</i> spp.)		Preventative Schedule: Begin application when new shoots are 1 to 3 inches in length. Reapply on an protectant schedule that does not exceed 14 days. Use a higher rate under heavy disease pressure.	MYCLOTECT (0.6 lb. myclobutanil) per acre per year.	
		Post-infection Schedule: Apply within 72 hours after the begin- ning of an infection period.		
Powdery mildew ( <i>Uncinula</i> spp.)		Begin application at prebloom (12- to 18-inch shoots) and do not extend applications beyond a 21-day interval. Use a higher rate or shorter spray interval on susceptible varieties or under heavy disease pressure.		

#### TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF USE

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Net Contents: 1 quart 32 fl oz (946 ml) ۲

# **Myclo**tect

A systemic, protectant and curative fungicide for disease control in turfgrass, landscape ornamentals, greenhouse and nursery ornamentals, apples, stonefruit, and grapes.

## CAUTION

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

Refer to inside label booklet for Precautionary Statements and Directions for Use including Storage and Disposal **STOP** - Read the label before use.

#### ACTIVE INGREDIENT: Myclobutanil:

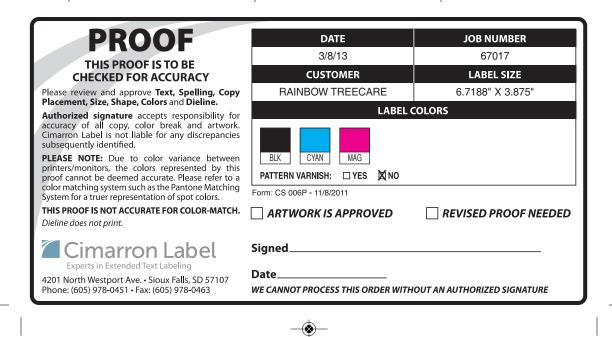
alpha-butyl-alpha-(chlorophenyl)-1H-1,2,4, triazole-1-propanenitrile .. 19.7% OTHER INGREDIENTS ..... 80.3% TOTAL ...... 100.0%

Contains Petroleum Distillates Contains 1.67 pounds of active ingredient per gallon

EPA Reg. No. 42750-166-74779 EPA Est. No. 63416-MN-001

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